

(11)

$$7. y = \sum_0^{\infty} a_n x^n, \quad y' = \sum_0^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1}, \quad y'' = \sum_0^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2}$$

sub. into d.e. yields

$$2 \sum_0^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} + \sum_0^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} + 2 \sum_0^{\infty} a_n x^n = 0,$$

Now shift index on 1st term

$$\sum_0^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} = \sum_0^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} x^n$$

oe. becomes

$$\sum_0^{\infty} \{ (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} + n a_n + 2 a_n \} x^n = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} + (n+2) a_n = 0$$

$$\text{i.e. } a_{n+2} = \frac{-(n+2) a_n}{(n+2)(n+1)} = \frac{-a_n}{n+1}, \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\text{Now } a_2 = \frac{-a_0}{1} = -a_0,$$

$$a_3 = \frac{-a_1}{2}, \quad a_4 = \frac{-a_2}{3} = \frac{a_0}{3}$$

$$a_5 = \frac{-a_3}{4} = \frac{a_1}{8}, \quad a_6 = \frac{-a_4}{5} = -\frac{a_0}{15}$$

$$\therefore \text{Gen soln is } y = a_0 + a_1 x + (-a_0) x^2 - \frac{a_1}{2} x^3 + \frac{a_0}{3} x^4 + \frac{a_1}{8} x^5 \dots = a_0 (1 - x^2 + x^4/3 \dots) + a_1 (x - x^3/2 + x^5/8 \dots)$$